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Superconducting and Normal State Properties of $OsB_2* YOGESH SINGH, A. NIAZI, X. ZONG, B.J. SUH^{\dagger}, M.W. VAN-$ NETTE, R. PROZOROV, D.C. JOHNSTON, Ames Lab. and Dept. Phys. and Astron., Iowa State Univ., Ames, IA 50011 — OsB₂ is a layered superhard metallic material that was found to superconduct below $T_{\rm c} = 2.1 \, {\rm K.}^{1}$ We report the first detailed measurements of the static and dynamic magnetic susceptibilities χ , electrical resistivity, heat capacity $C_{\rm p}$, penetration depth, and ¹¹B NMR on OsB₂ to characterize its superconducting and normal state properties. The results confirm that OsB_2 is a bulk superconductor below $T_c = 2.1$ K. Its properties can be described by a close to weak-coupling s-wave BCS model with an electron-phonon coupling constant $\lambda = 0.4-0.5$, $\Delta(0)/(k_{\rm B}T_{\rm c}) \approx 1.9$, a small Ginzburg-Landau parameter κ of order 5 or less, and a small zero-temperature critical magnetic field of roughly 500 Oe. The ¹¹B NMR measurements in the normal state show a nuclear spin-lattice relaxation time $T_1 = 2.1$ s at room temperature and a Korringa law with $T_1T = 610 \text{ s} \cdot \text{K}$ at lower T, and a correspondingly small T-independent Knight shift. These results indicate a small s character of the conduction electron wave function at the B site at the Fermi level. Our results will be compared to corresponding data for MgB₂.

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